

## CANDLE SAFETY AND BURNING TIPS

Scented candles are a delightful and relaxing way to fragrance your home, but always handle our candles, as you would any candle, with care and respect. All our candles come with a safety warning on the base of the container. The following warnings should always be followed.

- The wick should always be kept trimmed to below 5mm, we recommend further trimming to 3mm (1/8") before lighting, and keep trimmed at all times while burning. This will help ensure that the flame does not burn too high. Always trim the wick before re-lighting for subsequent burns.
- Always burn a candle until a full wax pool has formed across the entire surface of the container.
- Always use an appropriate holder placed on a protected, level, heat-resistant surface. Never place the candle on a surface which could catch fire. Do not place on surfaces such as shelves/shelving units where there is a surface above the candle and flame.
- Keep the wax pool free of wick trimmings, matches or any foreign matter - this is combustible material and may cause a fire hazard.
- Burn candles indoors, away from drafts, other heat sources, and any flammable objects or materials.
- If smoking occurs, safely extinguish the candle with a Candle Snuffer or the back of a spoon, trim the wick, remove trimmings and relight.
- Do not burn too many candles at the same time. If you are burning more than one, make sure they are kept at least 10cm apart.
- Never move a burning candle or while the wax is still liquid and hot. Our candle containers are made of aluminium and should never be picked up until they have had enough time to cool.
- Keep burning candles within sight at all times - never leave a candle burning unattended. Always extinguish a candle before leaving the room.
- Keep candles out of the reach of children and pets.
- Never burn a candle for more than 4 hours.
- Never burn a candle all the way to the bottom of the container. The naked flame should not come into contact with the bottom of the container as this could cause overheating.
- Never blow out a candle as this may cause hot wax to splatter. Always extinguish the flame with a snuffer or the back of a spoon.

## SOY CANDLES AND NATURAL WICKS - TIPS

If you are unfamiliar with burning pure soy wax candles or natural wicked candles, it should be noted that natural wicks do **not self trim** and will need to be checked, extinguished and trimmed where the wick is over 5mm in length, during periods of burning. The wick should **always** be trimmed before re-lighting. If the burnt wick starts to curl, known as 'mushrooming', the flame should be extinguished, the wick should be trimmed and then relit. Any cracking or pitting to the surface of the wax once it has cooled is often characteristic of soy wax, however, this will not affect any subsequent burnings or the quality of the fragrance throw.